



2 DPA SERIES: THE NAZI HOLOCAUST — The ghettos of Nazi-occupied Europe were pre-extermination centers where Jews were segregated and divided for easier management. The Warsaw Ghetto with a population of 433,000 was the largest and most unruly ghetto in Poland. In the summer of 1942 the Nazis made plans to "resettle" these Jews in a concentration camp and, in an effort to reduce fear and to prevent resistance, they began a propaganda campaign to convince their victims that they were being sent to labor camps. By October, 310,322 Jews had been resettled in concentration camps; and when the truth began to filter back to those remaining in the ghetto, they resisted in every possible way. Above, heavily armed German troops clear Muranowski Square of Jewish Resistance Fighters. Warsaw Ghetto, April, 1943.

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